## Institution-Set Standards

The institution-set standards are reviewed annually by the Institutional Effectiveness, Accreditation, and Outcomes Committee and were developed at Crafton Hills College in 2013. In setting the standards, Crafton worked from the ACCJC guidance that the college should not fall below the number or rate that was set. If the college did fall below this number, then it would focus more energy and resources then normal to increase the College rate. At the time, the College adopted the common approach of calculating a five-year average and using one standard deviation below the average to identify a minimum. This approach was used, because the College felt that a decrease of one standard deviation represented a substantial decrease. There is an important distinction between the institution-set standards and the College's stretch goals. The Educational Master Plan Committee annually reviews the College's stretch goals, which are separate from the institution-set standards.

The College has identified the following institution-set standards: $63.6 \%$ for successful course completion, 204 certificate completions annually, 250428 degree completions annually, and 338163 transfers annually.

Institution-Set Standards and the 2019-2020 Measure for Successful Course Completion, the Number of Certificates and Degree Completions, and the Number of Transfers for 2019-2020.

| Data Element | Definition | Institution- | 2019-2020 <br>  <br> Course |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | The number of students earning a "C" grade | Set Standard | $63.6 \%$ |

Completion
(Success) Rate

Certificates

Degrees

Transfer

The number of students earning a "C" grade or better divided by the number of grades at census multiplied by 100 in the fall semester. Represented as a percent of students successfully completing a course. The annual number of students earning certificates which are awarded with 16 or more units.
The annual number of students earning AA/AS degrees. This excludes transfer degrees.
The annual number of transfers to four-year universities. Includes CSUs, UCs, Private, and Out-of-State universities.

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Course success rates have remained relatively consistent and well above the institutional set standard across all ethnic groups, except with respect to African American students. While African American students achieved a $70 \%$ success rate in 2019-2020, the college remains very much focused on enhancing efforts towards identifying the potential reasons underlying this achievement gap and responding to these findings.

Successful Course Completion Rates by Ethnicity from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Ethnicity | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| African American | $66 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $66 \%$ | $62 \%$ | $70 \%$ |
| Asian | $80 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| Caucasian | $77 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $70 \%$ | $69 \%$ | $70 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| Multiple Races | $73 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $76 \%$ | $79 \%$ |
| Native American | $78 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $53 \%$ | $68 \%$ | $58 \%$ |
| Unknown | $84 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $77 \%$ |

Success rates have also remained largely consistent across age groups, except that significant increases were observed for all age groups in 2019-2020. And in all cases, such rates have remained well above the institutional set standard. Consistent with past findings, older students generally achieved higher course success rates than younger students.

Successful Course Completion Rates by Age from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020.

| Age | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 19 or Younger | $72 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $74 \%$ |
| 20-24 Years Old | $73 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $76 \%$ |
| 25-29 Years Old | $75 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| 30-34 Years Old | $76 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $81 \%$ |
| 35-39 Years Old | $80 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $83 \%$ |
| 40-49 Years Old | $81 \%$ | $79 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $77 \%$ | $83 \%$ |
| 50 Years Old or Older | $78 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $82 \%$ |
| Unknown | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $100 \%$ |

Success rates have also remained consistent for male and female students, all of which achieved success rates well above the institutional set standard. In fact, the success rates across both gender groups remained similar across the five-year period between 2015-16 and 2019-20. The course success rates of students for whom no gender is recorded has varied from year-to-year, largely due to the small numbers of students per year (ranging from zero to eight).

Successful Course Completion Rates by Gender from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Gender | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | $73 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $72 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $76 \%$ |
| Female | $74 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $73 \%$ | $74 \%$ | $77 \%$ |
| Unknown | $75 \%$ | $78 \%$ | $59 \%$ | $71 \%$ | $85 \%$ |

## Certificates

Crafton Hills College has an institution-set standard of 204 certificates earned annually. The stretch goal is 296255 . The institution-set standard and the stretch goal are based on the annual number of 16 or more unit certificates earned prior to 2019-2020. The number of certificates earned in 2019-2020 (497) is far higher than the number observed in any other year, and as such, is not being taken into account in determining either the set standard or the stretch goal. Thus, while the number of certificates for 2019-2020 far exceeds the stretch goal of 296, we will wait to examine 2020-2021 data before incorporating what appears to be outlier into the process of estimating the set standard and stretch goal.


The certificates earned by student ethnic groups have largely mirrored groups' corresponding representation across the entire campus. One pattern that perhaps best reflects this idea is the declining percentage of certificates earned by Caucasian students ( $47 \%$ in 2015-16 and $38 \%$ in 2019-20) and the increasing percentage of certificates earned by Hispanic students ( $41 \%$ in 201516 and $46 \%$ in 2019-20), both of which are consistent with the broader changes in the corresponding student populations.

Percent of Certificates Earned by Ethnicity from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Ethnicity | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| African American | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Asian | $8 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| Caucasian | $47 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $38 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $41 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $46 \%$ |
| Multiple Races | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Native American | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Unknown | $2 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ |

The certificates earned by student age group indicate that, on average, students earning a certificate were between the ages of 20 and 29 years of age, consistent with broader student population. However, the percentage of students between 20 and 24 earning a certificate has increased over time (increasing from $37 \%$ in 2015-16 to $57 \%$ in 2019-20), and the percentage of students between the ages of 25 and 29 years of age earning a certificate has decreased (from $38 \%$ in 2015-16 to $22 \%$ in 2019-20).

Percent of Certificates Earned by Age from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Age | 2015-16 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 19 or Younger | 0 | $<1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| 20-24 Years Old | $37 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $58 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
| $25-29$ Years Old | $38 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| 30-34 Years Old | $14 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| 35-39 Years Old | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| 40-49 Years Old | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| 50 Years Old or Older | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $<1 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

The certificates earned by gender has changed by 3-4 percentage points since 2015-16. Specifically, the percentage of males earning a certificate has declined from $53 \%$ in 2015-16 to $48 \%$ in 2019-20, and the percentage of female students earning a certificate has increased from $48 \%$ in 2015-16 to $52 \%$ in 2019-20.

Percent of Certificates Earned by Gender from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Ethnicity | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | $53 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $49 \%$ | $48 \%$ |
| Female | $48 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $52 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $<1 \%$ |

## Degrees

Crafton Hills College has an institution-set standard of 428 250 AA/AS degrees earned annually. The stretch goal is 492 450. The institution-set standard and the stretch goal are based on the annual number of AA/AS degrees earned. In the last five years the number of annual degrees earned has ranged from 427 to 476 degrees, indicating great consistency from year-to-year.


As is the case with certificate attainment, the AA/AS degrees earned by student ethnic groups have largely mirrored groups' corresponding representation across the entire campus. The pattern that perhaps best reflects this idea is the declining percentage of degrees earned by Caucasian students ( $44 \%$ in 2015-16 and $39 \%$ in 2019-20) and the increasing percentage of degrees earned by Hispanic students ( $41 \%$ in 2015-16 and $43 \%$ in 2019-20), both of which are consistent with the broader changes in the corresponding student populations.

Percent of Degrees Earned by Ethnicity from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020.

| Ethnicity | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| African American | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Asian | $7 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Caucasian | $44 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $39 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $41 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| Multiple Races | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Native American | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | $<1 \%$ |

The degrees earned by student age group indicate that, on average, students earning a degree were typically between the ages of 20 and 29 years of age, consistent with broader student population. However, the percentage of students between 20 and 24 earning a degree has increased over time (increasing from $36 \%$ in 2015-16 to $54 \%$ in 2019-20), and the percentage of students between the ages of 25 and 29 years of age earning a degree has decreased (from $38 \%$ in 2015-16 to $22 \%$ in 2019-20).

Percent of Degrees Earned by Age from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Ethnicity | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 or Younger | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| 20-24 Years Old | $36 \%$ | $42 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $51 \%$ | $54 \%$ |
| $25-29$ Years Old | $38 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| $30-34$ Years Old | $12 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| $35-39$ Years Old | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| 40-49 Years Old | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| 50 Years Old or Older | $2 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

The degrees earned by gender has fluctuated over the last five years - and yet, the difference between male and females students for 2019-2020 (22 percentage points) is largely similar to the gap observed for 2015-2016 (24 percentage points).

Degrees Earned by Gender from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020

| Gender | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | $38 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| Female | $62 \%$ | $56 \%$ | $65 \%$ | $67 \%$ | $61 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $<1 \%$ |

## Transfers

Crafton Hills College has an institution-set standard of 338163 transfers earned annually. The stretch goal is 558665 . The institution-set standard and the stretch goal are based on the annual number of transfers to four-year universities. In the last five years the number of annual transfers earned has ranged from 302 to 545.


The transfers to CSU campuses have remained relatively consistent across student ethnic group, except with respect to Caucasian and Hispanic students. Specifically, the rate among Caucasian students has declined from $40 \%$ in 2015-16 to $35 \%$ in 2019-20, and the rate among Hispanic students has increased from $36 \%$ in 2015-16 to $47 \%$ in 2019-20. This change is consistent with the broader shifts in ethnicity observed across the student population.

Percent of Transfers to CSU Campuses by Ethnicity from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020.

| Ethnicity | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0 2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| African American | $4 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $<4 \%$ |
| Asian | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Caucasian | $40 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| Hispanic | $36 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $41 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| Multiple Races | $3 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $<5 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| Native American | $<1 \%$ | $<1 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $<5 \%$ | $<4 \%$ |
| Unknown | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $<4 \%$ |

Source: CSU New Undergrad Transfers Dashboard
1Based on Fall 2018 transfers; information shown as <5\% for counts of less than 10.
2Based on Fall 2019 transfers; information shown as <4\% for counts of less than 10.

The transfers to CSU campus have remained consistent across gender groups; in fact, the percentages are identical across each of the last three years.

Percent of Transfers to CSU Campus by Gender from 2015-2016 to 2019-2020.

| Gender | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 -}$ <br> $\mathbf{1 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 -}$ <br> $\mathbf{2 0 2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Male | $45 \%$ | $45 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $43 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| Female | $55 \%$ | $55 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $57 \%$ | $57 \%$ |
| Unknown | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Source: CSU New Undergrad Transfers Dashboard <br> 1Based on Fall 2018 transers <br> 2Based on Fall 2019 transfers |  |  |  |  |  |

