

Chapter 7 Hypothesis Tests With One Sample

Claims		Pop. Proportion, p 7.4		Mean, μ (σ Known) 7.2		Mean, μ (σ Unknown) 7.3		Standard Deviation, σ 7.5	
		Null	Alternative	Null	Alternative	Null	Alternative	Null	Alternative
Left Tailed:	$H_0: p \geq p_0$	$H_a: p < p_0$	$H_0: \mu \geq \mu_0$	$H_a: \mu < \mu_0$	$H_0: \mu \geq \mu_0$	$H_a: \mu < \mu_0$	$H_0: \sigma \geq \sigma_0$	$H_a: \sigma < \sigma_0$	
	Right Tailed:	$H_0: p \leq p_0$	$H_a: p > p_0$	$H_0: \mu \leq \mu_0$	$H_a: \mu > \mu_0$	$H_0: \mu \leq \mu_0$	$H_a: \mu > \mu_0$	$H_0: \sigma \leq \sigma_0$	$H_a: \sigma > \sigma_0$
	Two Tailed:	$H_0: p = p_0$	$H_a: p \neq p_0$	$H_0: \mu = \mu_0$	$H_a: \mu \neq \mu_0$	$H_0: \mu = \mu_0$	$H_a: \mu \neq \mu_0$	$H_0: \sigma = \sigma_0$	$H_a: \sigma \neq \sigma_0$
Test Statistics *ALWAYS USE A POSITIVE TEST STAT for P-VALUE Calculations in Excel!!!		$Z = \frac{(\hat{p} - p)}{\sqrt{\frac{pq}{n}}}$ Where: $\hat{p} = \frac{x}{n}$		$Z = \frac{(\bar{x} - \mu)}{(\sigma / \sqrt{n})}$		$t = \frac{(\bar{x} - \mu)}{(s / \sqrt{n})}$		$\chi^2 = \frac{(n - 1)s^2}{\sigma^2}$	
P-Value		Left Tailed:	=NORM.S.DIST(z,True)	=NORM.S.DIST(z,True)	=T.DIST(t,df,True)	=T.DIST(t,df,True)	=CHISQ.DIST(χ^2 ,df,True)		
		Right Tailed:	=1 - NORM.S.DIST(z,True)	=1 - NORM.S.DIST(z,True)	=T.DIST.RT(t,df)	=T.DIST.RT(t,df)	=CHISQ.DIST.RT(χ^2 ,df)		
		Two Tailed:	=2*(1-NORM.S.DIST(z,True))	=2*(1-NORM.S.DIST(z,True))	=T.DIST.2T(t,df)	=T.DIST.2T(t,df)	=2*(CHISQ.DIST.RT(χ^2 ,df))		
Reject H_0 When:		(P-Value is Less than Alpha): P-Value < α		Fail to Reject H_0 When:		(P-Value is Greater than Alpha): P-Value > α			
Reject H_0 (H_0 Claim):		There is sufficient evidence to reject the claim.		Reject H_0 (H_a Claim):		There is sufficient evidence to support the claim.			
Fail to Reject H_0 (H_0 Claim):		There is not sufficient evidence to reject the claim.		Fail to Reject H_0 (H_a Claim):		There is not sufficient evidence support the claim.			
Critical Values:		Z_0		Z_0		t_0		X_L^2 and X_R^2	
Left Tailed:		=NORM.S.INV(α)		=NORM.S.INV(α)		=T.INV(α ,df)		=CHISQ.INV(α ,df)	
Right Tailed:		=NORM.S.INV(1 - α)		=NORM.S.INV(1 - α)		=T.INV((1 - α),df)		=CHISQ.INV.RT(α ,df)	
Two Tailed:		=NORM.S.INV($\alpha/2$)		=NORM.S.INV($\alpha/2$)		=T.INV.2T(α ,df)		USE BOTH ABOVE BUT WITH $\alpha/2$	
Right Tailed		Reject H_0 :	Test stat falls within the rejection region: Critical Value \leq Test Statistic		Fail To Reject H_0 :		Test stat does NOT fall within the rejection region: Test Statistic < Critical Value		
Left Tailed		Reject H_0 :	Test stat falls within the rejection region: Test Statistic \geq Critical Value		Fail To Reject H_0 :		Test stat does NOT fall within the rejection region: Critical Value Test Statistic		
Two Tailed		Reject H_0 :	Test stat falls within both rejection regions: Test Statistic \geq Critical Value		Fail to Reject H_0 :		Test stat does NOT fall within either rejection region: Test Statistic < Critical Value		

