

California State & Local Government In Crisis, 6th ed., by Walt Huber
CHAPTER 4 QUIZ - © January 2006, Educational Textbook Company

1. Which one of the following is NOT considered one of the basic tools of direct democracy?
(p. 49)
 - a. Repeal
 - b. Recall
 - c. Direct Initiative
 - d. Referendum

2. Who is considered the father of direct democracy in California? (p. 49)
 - a. John Fremont
 - b. Earl Warren
 - c. Leland Stanford
 - d. Hiram Johnson

3. What reform measure was enacted in California in 1911 and nationally in 1920 by an amendment to the U.S. Constitution? (p. 51)
 - a. Anti-trust laws
 - b. Anti-monopoly laws
 - c. Women's right to vote
 - d. Naturalized citizens' right to vote

4. Which of the following is exempt from the recall procedure? (p. 52)
 - a. Governor
 - b. U.S. Senator
 - c. School board member
 - d. County official

5. Which of the following would be grounds for initiating a recall petition? (p. 52)
 - a. Official is found guilty of corruption
 - b. Official is simply not doing his or her job
 - c. Official is accused of accepting bribes
 - d. All of the above

6. A recall by petition for an official who holds statewide office must contain signatures of registered voters equal to what percentage of the votes cast for that position in the last election?
(p. 52)
 - a. 40%
 - b. 30%
 - c. 20%
 - d. 12%

7. Which of the following is TRUE in regards to removing an official from office by impeachment? (p. 54)
- a. It is conducted by the state legislature for any reason.
 - b. It is conducted by the state legislature only for a serious violation of the law.
 - c. It is initiated by the voters only for serious violations of law.
 - d. It is initiated by the voters for any reason.
8. Which of the following is NOT true in regards to the direct initiative? (p. 56)
- a. The governor has veto power over a direct initiative.
 - b. With enough voter signatures, it allows the people to place an issue on the ballot.
 - c. It allows for all California voters to decide an issue.
 - d. It can be on any topic, but is limited to a "single subject."
9. As of 2002, propositions are numbered consecutively in cycles of: (p. 57)
- a. 20 years
 - b. 25 years
 - c. 30 years
 - d. 100 years
10. What are the biggest complaints with regards to initiative qualification requirements? (p. 57-58)
- a. Many grassroots groups can't afford high cost of getting their proposition to the public.
 - b. The ballots need to be simplified so average voters can read the initiative and understand it.
 - c. Lack of disclosure with regards to who supports or opposes initiatives.
 - d. All of the above.